R865. Tax Commission, Auditing.

R865-9I. Income Tax.

R865-9I-7. Change of Status As Resident or Nonresident Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. Section 59-10-120.

- (1) Definitions.
- (a) "AGI" means adjusted gross income, as defined by Section 59-10-103.
- (b) "Part-year resident" means an individual that changes status during the taxable year from resident to nonresident or from nonresident to resident.
- (2) The state taxable income of a part-year resident shall be a percentage of the amount that would have been state taxable income if the taxpayer had been a full-year resident as defined under Section 59-10-103. This percentage is the Utah portion of AGI divided by the total AGI, not to exceed 100 percent.
 - (3) The Utah portion of a part-year resident's AGI shall be determined as follows:
- (a) Income from wages, salaries, tips and other compensation earned or received while in a resident status and included in the total AGI shall be included in the Utah portion of the AGI.
- (b) Dividends actually or constructively received while in resident status shall be included in the Utah portion of AGI. Any dividend exclusion shall be deducted from the Utah portion of AGI using the percentage of excludable dividends received while in resident status, compared to the total excludable dividends.
- (c) All interest actually or constructively received while in resident status shall be included in the Utah portion of the AGI_.
- (d) All AGI derived from Utah sources while in a nonresident status, as determined under Section 59-10-117, shall be included in the Utah portion of AGI.
- (4)(a) Income or loss from businesses, rents, royalties, partnerships, estates or trusts, small business corporations as defined by Internal Revenue Code Section 1371(b), and farming shall be included in the Utah portion of AGI:
- (i) if the activities involved were concluded, or the taxpayer's connection with them terminated before or at the time of change from resident to nonresident status; or
- (ii) if the activities were commenced or the taxpayer joined them at the time or after the change from nonresident to resident status.
- (b)Income or loss that does not meet Subsection (4)(a) shall be included in the Utah portion of AGI only to the extent the income or loss is derived from Utah sources as determined under Section 59-10-117.
- (5) Moving expenses deducted on the federal return may be deducted from the Utah portion of AGI only to the extent that they are for moving into Utah and within Utah.
- (6) Employee business expenses may be deducted from the Utah portion of AGI only to the extent that they pertain to the production of income included in the Utah portion of AGI.
- (7) Payments by a self-employed person to a retirement plan that reduce the total AGI may be deducted from the Utah portion of AGI in the same proportion that the related self-employment income is included in the Utah portion of FAGI.
- (8) Other income, losses or adjustments applicable in determining total AGI may be allowed or included in the Utah portion of AGI only when the allowance or inclusion is fair, equitable, and would be consistent with other requirements of Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, or these rules as determined by the commission.

KEY: historic preservation, income tax, tax returns, enterprise zones

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